MIRA SHORT PLAT, FILE NO. SUB14-02438 NOTICE OF APPROVAL JUNE 10, 2015

PERMIT NO. SUB14-02438

PROJECT NAME: Mira Short Plat

PROJECT ADDRESS: 8027 128th Ave NE

NEIGHBORHOOD: South Rose Hill

APPLICANT OR AGENT: Josh Lysen, Merit Homes, Inc.

CITY OF KIRKLAND APPROVAL DATE:

Date Application Approved: May 19, 2015

Date Decision mailed: May 21, 2015

LAPSE OF APPROVAL: The short plat must be recorded with King County within seven (7) years (May 19, 2022) of the date of approval or the decision becomes void; provided, however, that in the event judicial review is initiated, the running of the seven (7) years is tolled for any period of time during which a court order in said judicial review proceeding prohibits the recording of the short plat.

This NOTICE OF APPROVAL is granted subject to the attached conditions and development standards. Failure to meet or maintain strict compliance shall be grounds for revocation in accordance with the Kirkland Zoning Ordinance No. 3719 as amended.

The applicant must also comply with any federal, state or local statutes, ordinances or regulations applicable to this project. This Notice of Approval does not authorize grading, building or tree removal without issuance of the necessary permits from the Kirkland Building Department.

CITY OF KIRKLAND
PLANNING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

Bv

Scott Gute

Planner

Attachments:

Conditions of Approval Development Standards

A PERSONAL OF ALL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF A PERSONAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF A PERSONA

The state of the state of the state of

the second section of the second section of the second section of the second section of the second section of the second section secti

To produce the control of the contro



350

Li disassi

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL MIRA SHORT PLAT SUB14-02438

- This application is subject to the applicable requirements contained in the Kirkland Municipal Code, Zoning Code, and Building and Fire Code. Attachment 3, Development Standards, is provided in this report to familiarize the applicant with some of these development regulations. This attachment references current regulations and does not include all of the additional regulations. It is the responsibility of the applicant to ensure compliance with the various provisions contained in these ordinances. When a condition of approval conflicts with a development regulation in Attachment 3, the condition of approval shall be followed (see Conclusion IV.B).
- 2. Prior to recording the short plat, the applicant shall:
 - a. Provide copy of the recorded NE 80th Lane access and utility tract, updated to grant the usage of the tract to Lot 2 of this short plat, to the City of Kirkland (see Conclusion V.B).
 - b. Record on the face of the plat a floor area ratio restriction and accessory structure restriction for Lot 2 pursuant to Kirkland Municipal Code (KMC) Section 22.28.042(d) and KMC 22.28.042(f).
 - c. Submit a demolition permit application and remove the existing single family residence and detached garage on the property (see Conclusion V.C).

TALE TROPS ASIN



SHORT PLAT DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS LIST

File: Mira Short Plat (SUB14-02438)

This application must comply with all applicable standards. The listing below outlines those standards in a typical development sequence.

KMC refers to Kirkland Municipal Code, KZC refers to Kirkland Zoning Code

TREE PLAN SUMMARY

KMC 22.28.210 & KZC 95.30 Significant Trees.

No trees are to be removed with an approved short plat or subdivision permit. Based on the approved IDP, the applicant shall retain and protect all viable trees throughout the development of each single family lot except for those trees allowed to be removed for the installation of the plat infrastructure improvements *and* construction of the residence and associated site improvements. Modifications to the Tree Retention Plan must be approved per KZC 95.30(6)(b).

A Tree Retention Plan was submitted with the short plat. During the review of the short plat, all proposed improvements were unknown. Therefore KZC Section 95.30 (6)(a) – Phased Review applies in regards to tree retention. There are $\underline{8}$ significant trees on the site, of which $\underline{6}$ are viable. These trees have been assessed by staff and the City's Arborist. They are identified by number in the following chart.

Significant Trees:	High Retention Value	Moderate Retention Value	Low Retention Value (V) – viable (NV) – not viable
20	X		
21			Not viable - UDI
22	X		
23	X		
24	X		
25	X		
26	X	damen a la l	THE REPORT OF
27			Not viable - girdled

Tree #27 has been girdled and is now a non-viable tree — it would have been a high retention value tree and likely to have been saved with the proposed development layout. The girdling of this tree meets the "tree removal" definition (KZC 95.10) in that it is damage to the trunk likely to destroy the tree's structural integrity.

The plan should be altered to remove soil fill from trunk of tree #22 and move storm drain to protect tree #20. The storm drain line serving lot 2 should be relocated from north property line into utility easement along NE 80th Lane (this will require drywell to be relocated into southeast portion of lot 2).

Trees #20, 22, 23, 24, 25 and 26 are high retention value trees. Tree #21 is a non-viable low retention value tree due to its form interfering with the allowable and proposed new structure.

Trees #22, 23, 24 and 25 should be "crown cleaned" to remove the dead, dying and diseased limbs within their canopy. There are many dead limbs within these trees canopies which are likely to fall onto the neighbor's houses.

Neighbor's trees: Trees #20 and 26 are shared trees with the northern and western neighbor's, respectively.

ROW trees: new street trees should be selected to accommodate overhead power lines and their required clearance.

No trees are to be removed with an approved short plat or subdivision permit. Based on the approved Tree Retention Plan, the applicant shall retain and protect all viable trees throughout the development of each single family lot except for those trees allowed to be removed for the installation of the plat infrastructure improvements with an approved Land Surface Modification permit. Subsequent approval for tree removal is granted for the construction of the house and other associated site improvements with a required Building Permit. The Planning Official is authorized to require site plan alterations to retain High Retention value trees at each stage of the project. In addition to retaining viable trees, new trees may be required to meet the minimum tree density per KZC Section 95.33.

PRIOR TO RECORDING

KMC 22.20.362 Short Plat - Title Report. The applicant shall submit a title company certification which is not more than 30 calendar days old verifying ownership of the subject property on the date that the property owner(s) (as indicated in the report) sign(s) the short plat documents; containing a legal description of the entire parcel to be subdivided; describing any easements or restrictions affecting the property with a description, purpose and reference by auditor's file number and/or recording number; any encumbrances on the property; and any delinquent taxes or assessments on the property.

KMC 22.20.366 Short Plat - Lot Corners. The exterior short plat boundary and all interior lot corners shall be set by a registered land surveyor. If the applicant submits a bond for construction of short plat improvements and installation of permanent interior lot corners, the City may allow installation of temporary interior lot corners until the short plat improvements are completed.

KMC 22.20.390 Short Plat - Improvements. The owner shall complete or bond all required right-of-way, easement, utility and other similar improvements.

KMC 22.28.110-130 <u>Vehicular Access Easements</u>. Municipal Code sections 22.28.110 and 22.28.130 establish that if vehicular access within the plat is provided by means other than rights-of-way, the plat must establish easements or tracts, compliant with Zoning Code Section 105.10, which will provide the legal right of access to each of the lots served.

KMC 22.32.010 <u>Utility System Improvements</u>. All utility system improvements must be designed and installed in accordance with all standards of the applicable serving utility.

KMC 22.32.020 Water System. The applicant shall install a system to provide potable

water, adequate fire flow and all required fire-fighting infrastructure and appurtenances to each lot created.

KMC 22.32.030 <u>Stormwater Control System</u>. The applicant shall comply with the construction phase and permanent stormwater control requirements of the Municipal Code.

KMC 22.32.040 <u>Sanitary Sewer System</u>. The developer shall install a sanitary sewer system to serve each lot created.

KMC 22.32.050 <u>Transmission Line Undergrounding</u>. The applicant shall comply with the utility lines and appurtenances requirements of the Zoning Code.

KMC 22.32.080 Performance Bonds. In lieu of installing all required improvements and components as part of a plat or short plat, the applicant may propose to post a bond, or submit evidence that an adequate security device has been submitted and accepted by the service provider (City of Kirkland and/or Northshore Utility District), for a period of one year to ensure completion of these requirements within one year of plat/short plat approval.

LAND SURFACE MOFICIATION AND/OR BUILDING PERMIT REQUIREMENTS

KZC 95.30 <u>Tree Retention Associated with Development Activity</u>. A description and location of tree protection measures during construction for trees to be retained must be shown on demolition and grading plans.

KZC 95.34 <u>Tree Protection</u>. Prior to development activity or initiating tree removal on the site, vegetated areas and individual trees to be preserved shall be protected from potentially damaging activities. Protection measures for trees to be retained shall include (1) placing no construction material or equipment within the protected area of any tree to be retained; (2) providing a visible temporary protective chain link fence at least 6 feet in height around the protected area of retained trees or groups of trees until the Planning Official authorizes their removal; (3) installing visible signs spaced no further apart than 15 feet along the protective fence stating "Tree Protection Area, Entrance Prohibited" with the City code enforcement phone number; (4) prohibiting excavation or compaction of earth or other damaging activities within the barriers unless approved by the Planning Official and supervised by a qualified professional; and (5) ensuring that approved landscaping in a protected zone shall be done with light machinery or by hand.

KZC 95.50 <u>Tree Installation Standards</u>. All supplemental trees to be planted shall conform to the Kirkland Plant List. All installation standards shall conform to Kirkland Zoning Code Section 95.45.

KZC 110.60.4 Street Trees. All trees planted in the right-of-way must be approved as to species by the City. All trees must be two inches in diameter at the time of planting as measured using the standards of the American Association of Nurserymen with a canopy that starts at least six feet above finished grade and does not obstruct any adjoining sidewalks or driving lanes.

KZC 95.51.2.b <u>Tree Maintenance</u>. For detached dwelling units, the applicant shall submit a 5-year tree maintenance agreement to the Planning Department to maintain all pre-existing trees designated for preservation and any supplemental trees required to be planted.

KZC 95.52 Prohibited Vegetation. Plants listed as prohibited in the Kirkland Plant List shall not be planted in the City.

KZC 105.10 <u>Vehicular Access Easements or Tracts.</u> The access easement or tract shall be 20 feet wide and contain a paved surface 15 feet in width. The access easement or tract shall be screened from the adjacent property to the 5 with a minimum five-foot high sight-obscuring fence; or vegetation that will provide comparable screening to a five-foot fence within two years of planting; along the entire easement or tract outside the required front yard.

105.10.2 Pavement Setbacks. The paved surface in an access easement or tract shall be set back at least 5 feet from any adjacent property which does not receive access from that easement or tract. An access easement or tract that has a paved area greater than 10 feet in

width must be screened from any adjacent property that does not receive access from it. Screening standards are outlined in this section.

- **KZC 105.47** Required Parking Pad. Except for garages accessed from an alley, garages serving detached dwelling units in low density zones shall provide a minimum 20-foot by 20-foot parking pad between the garage and the access easement, tract, or right-of-way providing access to the garage.
- **KZC 115.25 Work Hours.** It is a violation of this Code to engage in any development activity or to operate any heavy equipment before 7:00 am. or after 8:00 pm Monday through Friday, or before 9:00 am or after 6:00 pm Saturday. No development activity or use of heavy equipment may occur on Sundays or on the following holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving, and Christmas Day. The applicant will be required to comply with these regulations and any violation of this section will result in enforcement action, unless written permission is obtained from the Planning Official.
- **KZC 115.40** Fence Location. Fences over 6 feet in height may not be located in a required setback yard. A detached dwelling unit abutting a neighborhood access or collector street may not have a fence over 3.5 feet in height within the required front yard. No fence may be placed within a high waterline setback yard or within any portion of a north or south property line yard, which is coincident with the high waterline setback yard.
- **KZC 115.42** Floor Area Ratio (F.A.R.) Limits. Floor area for detached dwelling units is limited to a maximum floor area ratio in low density residential zones. See Use Zone charts for the maximum percentages allowed. This regulation does not apply within the disapproval jurisdiction of the Houghton Community Council.
- **KZC 115.43** Garage Requirements for Detached Dwelling Units in Low Density Zones. Detached dwelling units served by an open public alley, or an easement or tract serving as an alley, shall enter all garages from that alley. Whenever practicable, garage doors shall not be placed on the front façade of the house. Side-entry garages shall minimize blank walls. For garages with garage doors on the front façade, increased setbacks apply, and the garage width shall not exceed 50% of the total width of the front façade. These regulations do not apply within the disapproval jurisdiction of the Houghton Community Council. Section 115.43 lists other exceptions to these requirements.
- **KMC 29.24.010(b)** <u>Fill Material</u>. All materials used as fill must be non-dissolving and non-decomposing. Fill material must not contain organic or inorganic material that would be detrimental to the water quality, or existing habitat, or create any other significant adverse impacts to the environment.
- **KZC 115.90** Calculating Lot Coverage. The total area of all structures and pavement and any other impervious surface on the subject property is limited to a maximum percentage of total lot area. See the Use Zone charts for maximum lot coverage percentages allowed. Section 115.90 lists exceptions to total lot coverage calculations See Section 115.90 for a more detailed explanation of these exceptions.
- **KZC 115.95** Noise Standards. The City of Kirkland adopts by reference the Maximum Environmental Noise Levels established pursuant to the Noise Control Act of 1974, RCW 70.107. See Chapter 173-60 WAC. Any noise, which injures, endangers the comfort, repose, health or safety of persons, or in any way renders persons insecure in life, or in the use of property is a violation of this Code.
- **KZC 115.115** Required Setback Yards. This section establishes what structures, improvements and activities may be within required setback yards as established for each use in each zone.
- **KZC 115.115.3.g** Rockeries and Retaining Walls. Rockeries and retaining walls are limited to a maximum height of four feet in a required yard unless certain modification criteria in this section are met. The combined height of fences and retaining walls within five feet of each other in a required yard is limited to a maximum height of 6 feet, unless certain modification criteria in this section are met.

- **KZC 115.115.3.n** <u>Covered Entry Porches</u>. In residential zones, covered entry porches on dwelling units may be located within 13 feet of the front property line if certain criteria in this section are met. This incentive is not effective within the disapproval jurisdiction of the Houghton Community Council.
- **KZC 115.115.3.0** <u>Garage Setbacks</u>. In low density residential zones, garages meeting certain criteria in this section can be placed closer to the rear property line than is normally allowed in those zones.
- **KZC 115.115.3.p** <u>HVAC and Similar Equipment</u>: These may be placed no closer than five feet of a side or rear property line, and shall not be located within a required front yard; provided, that HVAC equipment may be located in a storage shed approved pursuant to subsection (3)(m) of this section or a garage approved pursuant to subsection (3)(o)(2) of this section. All HVAC equipment shall be baffled, shielded, enclosed, or placed on the property in a manner that will ensure compliance with the noise provisions of KZC 115.95.
- **KZC 115.115.5.a** <u>Driveway Width and Setbacks</u>. For a detached dwelling unit, a driveway and/or parking area shall not exceed 20 feet in width in any required front yard, and shall be separated from other hard surfaced areas located in the front yard by a 5-foot wide landscape strip. Driveways shall not be closer than 5 feet to any side property line unless certain standards are met.
- **KZC 115.135** <u>Sight Distance at Intersection</u>. Areas around all intersections, including the entrance of driveways onto streets, must be kept clear of sight obstruction as described in this section.
- **KZC 145.22.2** <u>Public Notice Signs</u>. Within seven (7) calendar days after the end of the 21-day period following the City's final decision on the permit, the applicant shall remove all public notice signs.

PRIOR TO OCCUPANCY

KZC 110.60.5 <u>Mailboxes</u>. Mailboxes shall be installed in the development in a location approved by the Postal Service and the Planning Official. The applicant shall, to the maximum extent possible, group mailboxes for units or uses in the development.

DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS SUB14-02438



BUILDING DEPARTMENT

Contact: Tom Jensen - tjensen@kirklandwa.gov

- 1. Prior to issuance of Building, Demolition or Landsurface Modification permit applicant must submit a proposed rat baiting program for review and approval. Kirkland Municipal Ordinance 9.04.040
- 2. A demolition permit is required for removal of existing structures.
- 3. Plumbing meter and service line shall be sized in accordance with the current UPC. We are currently using the 2012 edition.
- 4. Building permits must comply with the International Building, Residential and Mechanical Codes and the Uniform Plumbing Code as adopted and amended by the State of Washington and the City of Kirkland. Kirkland currently has adopted the 2012 editions.
- 5. Structures must comply with International Energy Conservation Code as adopted and amended by the State of Washington. We are currently using the 2012 edition.
- 6. Kirkland reviews, issues and inspects all electrical permits in the city. Kirkland currently uses the 2014 Washington Cities Electrical Code chapters 1 and 3 as published by WABO.
- 7. Structures must be designed for seismic design category D, wind speed of 85 miles per hour and exposure B.

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Contact: Grace Steuart at 425-587-3660; or gsteuart@kirklandwa.gov

The Fire Department has no specific comments on this project.

The furthest setback of new lot 2 is close enough to the 128th ROW that the Fire Department does not have any additionary requirements for access.

Hydrants in the area are adequate to provide coverage for the project. The closest hydrant is already equipped with a 5" Storz fitting. Fire flow in the area is approximately 1250 gpm, which is adequate for the proposed project.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

Permit #: SUB14-02438

Project Name: Rosehill Elm 2 lot short plat Project Address: 8027 128th Ave NE

PUBLIC WORKS CONDITIONS

Building and Land Surface Modification (Grading) Permit Process:

Philip Vartanian, Development Engineer Phone: 425-587-3856 Fax: 425-587-3807 E-mail: pvartanian@kirklandwa.gov

General Conditions:

- 1. All public improvements associated with this project including street and utility improvements, must meet the City of Kirkland Public Works Pre-Approved Plans and Policies Manual. A Public Works Pre-Approved Plans and Policies manual can be purchased from the Public Works Department, or it may be retrieved from the Public Works Department's page at the City of Kirkland's web site at www.kirklandwa.gov.
- 2. This project will be subject to Public Works Permit and Connection Fees. It is the applicant's responsibility to contact the Public Works Department by phone or in person to determine the fees. The fees can also be review the City of

SUB14-02438 Page 2 of 4

Kirkland web site at www.kirklandwa.gov The applicant should anticipate the following fees:

- Water, Sewer, and Surface Water Connection Fees (paid with the issuance of a Building Permit)
- o Side Sewer Inspection Fee (paid with the issuance of a Building Permit)
- o Septic Tank Abandonment Inspection Fee
- o Water Meter Fee (paid with the issuance of a Building Permit)
- o Right-of-way Fee
- o Review and Inspection Fee (for utilities and street improvements).
- o Building Permits associated with this proposed project will be subject to the traffic, park, and school impact fees per Chapter 27 of the Kirkland Municipal Code. The impact fees shall be paid prior to issuance of the Building Permit(s). Any existing building within this project which is demolished will receive a Traffic Impact Fee, Park Impact Fee and School Impact Fee Credits. Demolished building will also receive utility service credit for any existing connections. These credits will be applied to the first Building Permits that is applied for within the project. The credit amounts for each demolished building will be equal to the most currently adopted Fee schedule.
- 3. All street and utility improvements shall be permitted by obtaining a Land Surface Modification (LSM) Permit. Prior to issuance of the building permit a standard right of way restoration security ranging from \$10,000.00 to 30,000.00 (value determined based on amount of ROW disruption) shall be posted with Public Works Department. This security will be he until the project has been completed.
- 4. Submittal of Building Permits within a subdivision prior to recording:
- Submittal of a Building Permit with an existing parcel number prior to subdivision recording: A Building Permit can be submitted prior to recording of the subdivision for each existing parcel number in the subject project, however in order for the Building Permit to be deemed a complete application, all of the utility and street improvements for the new home must be submitted with application. However, the Building Permit will not be eligible for issuance until after the Land Surface Modification Permit is submitted, reviewed, and approved to ensure the comprehensive storm water design required by the subdivision approval is reviewed and approved, and then shown correctly on the Building Permit plans to match the Land Surface Modification Permit.
- Submittal of Building Permits within an Integrated Development Plan (IDP): If this subdivision is using the IDP proces the Building Permits for the new homes can only be applied for after the Land Surface Modification Permit has been submitted, reviewed, and approved.
- Submittal of a Building Permit within a standard subdivision (non IDP): If this subdivision is not using the IDP process the Building Permits for the new houses can be applied for after the subdivision is recorded and the Land Surface Modification permit has been submitted, reviewed, and approved.
- Review of Expedited or Green Building Permits: A new single family home Building Permit within a subdivision can only be review on an expedited or green building fast track if submitted electronically through MBP and the Land Surface Modification permit has been submitted, reviewed, and approved.
- 5. Subdivision Performance and Maintenance Securities:
- The subdivision can be recorded in advance of installing all the required street and utility improvements by posting a performance security equal to 130% of the value of work. This security amount will be determined by using the City of Kirkland's Improvement Evaluation Packet. Contact the Development Engineer assigned to this project to assist with this process.
- If the Developer will be installing the improvements prior to recording of the subdivision, there is a standard right of ware restoration security ranging from \$10,000.00 to 30,000.00 (value determined based on amount of right-of-way disruption). This security will be held until the project has been completed.
- Once the subdivision has been completed there will be a condition of the permit to establish a two year Maintenance security.
- 6. All civil engineering plans which are submitted in conjunction with a building, grading, or right-of-way permit must conform to the Public Works Policy titled ENGINEERING PLAN REQUIREMENTS. This policy is contained in the Public Works Pre-Approved Plans and Policies manual.
- 7. All street improvements and underground utility improvements (storm, sewer, and water) must be designed by a Washington State Licensed Engineer; all drawings shall bear the engineers stamp.
- 8. All plans submitted in conjunction with a building, grading or right-of-way permit must have elevations which are base on the King County datum only (NAVD 88).
- 9. The required tree plan shall include any significant tree in the public right-of-way along the property frontage.
- 10. All subdivision recording Mylar's shall include the following language:
- Utility Maintenance: Each property owner shall be responsible for maintenance of the sanitary sewer, storm water stub, rain garden, permeable pavement, or any infiltration facilities (known as Low Impact Development) from the point of use c

SUB14-02438 Page 3 of 4

their own property to the point of connection in the City sanitary sewer main or storm water main. Any portion of a sanitar sewer, surface water stub, rain garden, permeable pavement, or any infiltration facilities, which jointly serves more than o property, shall be jointly maintained and repaired by the property owners sharing such stub. The joint use and maintenanc shall "run with the land" and will be binding on all property owners within this subdivision, including their heirs, successors and assigns.

Public Right-of-way Sidewalk and Vegetation Maintenance: Each property owner shall be responsible for keeping the sidewalk abutting the subject property clean and litter free. The property owner shall also be responsible for the maintenance of the vegetation within the abutting landscape strip. The maintenance shall "run with the land" and will be binding on all property owners within this subdivision, including their heirs, successors and assigns.

Sanitary Sewer Conditions:

- 1. The existing sanitary sewer main within the public right-of-way along the front of the property is adequate to serve all the lots within the proposed project.
- 2. Provide a 6-inch minimum side sewer stub to each lot. Existing Side sewer may be used if it is videoed to verify size and working condition. All side sewer stubs serving the property shall be PVC type pipe per Public Works Pre-approved Plans Sanitary Sewer Design Criteria. Any side sewer not meeting this standard shall be removed and replaced.

Water System Conditions:

- 1. The existing water main in the public right-of-way along the front of the subject property is adequate to serve this proposed development.
- 2. Provide a separate 1" minimum water service from the water main to the meter for each lot; City of Kirkland will set th water meter. The water size is determined when the Building Permit is submitted and is sized per the Uniform Plumbing Code. A 3/4" meter is the typical size for new single-family home.
- 3. The existing water service shall be abandoned unless otherwise approved by the Development Engineer or Construction Inspector.

Surface Water Conditions:

- 1. Provide temporary and permanent storm water control per the 2009 King County Surface Water Design Manual and t Kirkland Addendum (Policy D-10). See Policies D-2 and D-3 in the PW Pre-Approved Plans for drainage review information, or contact city of Kirkland Surface Water staff at (425) 587-3800 for help in determining drainage review requirements. Summarized below are the levels of drainage review based on site and project characteristics:
- Small Project Drainage Review (Types II)
 Small project drainage reviews Type II, primarily based on the amount of impervious surface area. Type II projects involv between 2,000 and 9,999ft2 impervious surface areas, with a total of no more than 5,000ft2 of new impervious area and r more than a total of 9,999ft2 impervious surface area added since 01/08/01.
- 2. The preliminary drainage report (Technical Information Report) shows that storm design can meet 2009 King County Surface Water Design Manual for the proposed subdivision application.
- 3. Evaluate the feasibility and applicability of dispersion, infiltration, and other stormwater low impact development facilities on-site (per section 5.2 in the 2009 King County Surface Water Design Manual). If feasible, stormwater low impact development facilities are required. See PW Pre-Approved Plan Policy L-1 or L-2 (depending on drainage review) more information on this requirement.
- 4. Amended soil per Ecology BMP T5.13 is recommended for all landscaped areas.
- 5. Provide a level one off-site analysis (based on the King County Surface Water Design Manual, core requirement #2).
- 6. Provide an erosion control report and plan with Building or Land Surface Modification Permit application. The plan sh be in accordance with the 2009 King County Surface Water Design Manual.
- 7. Construction drainage control shall be maintained by the developer and will be subject to periodic inspections. During the period from May 1 and September 30, all denuded soils must be covered within 7 days; between October 1 and April 30, all denuded soils must be covered within 12 hours. Additional erosion control measures may be required based on signand weather conditions. Exposed soils shall be stabilized at the end of the workday prior to a weekend, holiday, or predicted rain event.
- 8. Provide collection and conveyance of right-of-way storm drainage.
- 9. Provide a separate storm drainage connection for each lot. All roof and driveway drainage must be tight-lined to the storm drainage system or utilize low impact development techniques. The tight line connections shall be installed with the individual new houses.

SUB14-02438 Page 4 of 4

Street and Pedestrian Improvement Conditions:

- 1. The subject property abuts 128th Ave NE, a Collector type street. Zoning Code sections 110.10 and 110.25 require the applicant to make half-street improvements in rights-of-way abutting the subject property. Section 110.30-110.50 establishes that this street must be improved with the following:
- A. Widen the street to 18 ft from centerline to face of curb. Match existing C&G to the north
- B. Adjust exiting storm drainage as need to flow line, add: curb and gutter, a 4.5 ft. planter strip with street trees 30 ft. on-center, and a 5 ft. wide sidewalk. Similar to improvements to the north.
- C. Access to Lot 2 may be taken from the existing NE 80th Lane (private access tract), as long as an agreement for the access is provided from all parties of record that hold interest on NE 80th Lane. And extend required improvement (see I above) to the south end of NE 80th Lane also, widen the existing private access lane (NE 80th LN) to min 15' toward the north side of the access drive to the west property line of the development parcel and install CB for capture and conveyance of storm water for the section of the 15' wide access drive.
- 2. Provide an onsite capacity for vehicular turn-around for both lots
- 3. When three or more utility trench crossings occur within 150 lineal ft. of street length or where utility trenches parallel the street centerline, the street shall be overlaid with new asphalt or the existing asphalt shall be removed and replaced.
- Existing streets with 4-inches or more of existing asphalt shall receive a 2-inch (minimum thickness) asphalt overlay. Grinding of the existing asphalt to blend in the overlay will be required along all match lines.
- Existing streets with 3-inches or less of existing asphalt shall have the existing asphalt removed and replaced with an asphalt thickness equal or greater than the existing asphalt provided however that no asphalt shall be less than 2-inches thick and the subgrade shall be compacted to 95% density.
- 4. For more information and design requirements see Public Works Driveway Policy R-4. The vehicular access for each lot must be via a joint use driveway. The access drive must be about 20' wide at the connection to the ROW and extende for min 20' in direction of access and then it can be narrowed to 10'. As an alternative, please investigate the possibility to use the existing NE 80th Lane for access to the westerly lot.
- 5. The driveway for each lot shall be long enough so that parked cars do not extend into the access easement or right-of-way (20 ft. min. A min 20'x20 parking pad will be required for each lot.)
- 6. All street and driveway intersections shall not have any visual obstructions within the sight distance triangle. See Public Works Pre-approved Policy R.13 for the sight distance criteria and specifications.
- 7. It shall be the responsibility of the applicant to relocate any above-ground or below-ground utilities which conflict with the project associated street or utility improvements.
- 8. Underground all new and existing on-site utility lines and overhead transmission lines.
- 9. Underground any new off-site transmission lines.
- 10. Zoning Code Section 110.60.9 establishes the requirement that existing utility and transmission (power, telephone, etc.) lines on-site and in rights-of-way adjacent to the site must be underground. The Public Works Director may determine if undergrounding transmission lines in the adjacent right-of-way is not feasible and defer the undergrounding to signing an agreement to participate in an undergrounding project, if one is ever proposed. In this case, the Public Works Director has determined that undergrounding of existing overhead utility on 128th Ave NE is not feasible at this time and the undergrounding of off-site/frontage transmission lines should be deferred with a Local Improvement District (LID) No Protest Agreement. The final recorded subdivision mylar shall include the following note:

Local Improvement District (LID) Waiver Agreement. Chapter 110.60.7.b of the Kirkland Zoning Code requires all overhe utility lines along the frontage of the subject property to be converted to underground unless the Public Works Director determines that it is infeasible to do so at the time of the subdivision recording. If it is determined to be infeasible, then the property owner shall consent to the formation of a Local Improvement District, hereafter formed by the City or other property owners. During review of this subdivision it was determined that it was infeasible to convert the overhead utility lines to underground along the frontage of this subdivision on (((street name))). Therefore, in consideration of deferring th requirement to underground the overhead utility lines at the time of the subdivision recording, the property owner and all future property owners of lots within this subdivision hereby consent to the formation of a Local Improvement District hereafter formed by the City or other property owners

- 11. New street lights may be required per Puget Power design and Public Works approval. Contact the INTO Light Division at PSE for a lighting analysis. If lighting is necessary, design must be submitted prior to issuance of a grading or building permit.
- 12. A striping plan for the street must be submitted with the building or grading permit. 128th must be striped for 5' Bicycle Lane.

the later of the l

Annual Commence of the commenc

the contract of the contract o